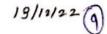
TYBAF Sem-V Dec-22

Paper / Subject Code: 44804 / Financial Management - II





Time 2.5 hours

Total marks :75

Note: All the question are compulsory

Round off up to 2 decimals unless specified in the question

Q1. A State whether the following statements are true or false (any 8)

(8

- 1. The expression "3/10, net 45" means that the customers receive a 10 percent discount if they pay within 3 days; otherwise, they must pay within 45 days with no discount.
- 2. The goal of accounts receivable management is to maximize the business's credit sales,
- 3. A capital investment involves making a current cash outlay in the expectation of future benefits
- 4. According to the Net Income approach to valuation, the total value of the firm is not affected by changes in its capital structure.
- 5. A capital investment involves making a future cash outlay in the expectation of current benefits.
- 6. Cash flow calculations require adding back depreciation to net income since it is a non-cash expense
- 7. The internal rate of return is that discount rate that equates the present value of the cash outflows (or costs) with the present value of the cash inflows.
- 8.. The NPV method is based on the assumption that projects cash flows are reinvested at the project's risk-adjusted cost of capital.
- 9. The higher a firm's cost of capital, ko, the higher the total valuation of the firm.
- 10. Capital structure determines the least expensive sources of funds for the firm to borrow.

Q1. B Match the column (any 7)

(1

| _ | Column A | | Column B |
|---|--|---|---|
| 1 | Objective of Strategic Financial Management | Α | Ratio between Present Value of Cash Inflow and Present Value of Cash Outflow |
| 2 | ABC Analysis | | Profit Maximisation |
| 3 | Net Present Value | | Fixed Income bearing Security |
| 4 | Debentures | | Maximise Return of Investment |
| 5 | Short Term Objective of firm | | Dividend Capitalisation |
| 6 | Gordon Dividend Model | | Present Value of Cash Inflow less Present Value of Cash Outflow |
| 7 | Profitability Index | G | Dividend not relevant for shareholders wealth |
| 8 | Modigiliani Miller Dividend Model | Н | Capital Structure does not affect value of the firm |
| 9 | Collection Cost | | Debtors Control Technique |
| • | Net Operating Income Approach | | Cost of collecting dues |

Q2

A limited company is considering the purchase of a new machine which will replace some operations. There are two alternatives A and B. From the following information, prepare a profitability statement and work out the payback period for each. Also calculate the net present value of both the alternatives if the cost of capital is 8% p.a.

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| The second secon | Model A | Model B |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| Particulars | 5,00,000 | 6,00,000 |
| Cost of the Machine in Rs | 5 | 6 |
| Estimated life in years in Reference Materials in Re | 8,000 | 9,000 |
| Additional cost in municit Materials | 50,000 | 60,000 |
| Estimated Savings in scrap in Rs Additional cost of maintenance in Rs | 15,000 | 20,000 |
| Estimated savings in Direct wages Employees not required Wages per employee p a in Rs | 15 10,000 p.a | 20 8,000 p.a |

Tax rate is 40% suggest which machine should be preferred.

(15)

OR

Q2 a PQR ltd is considering a project for which the following estimates are available.

| to the state of th | NAME AND POST OF THE OWNER, WHEN PERSON AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN PERSON AND POST OFFI THE OWNER, WHEN PE |
|--|--|
| Rs 5 lacs | |
| Rs 75 | |
| Rs 45 | |
| 5,000 | and the second s |
| 5 years | |
| 10% | |
| | Rs 75 Rs 45 5,000 5 years |

Calculate the sensitivity of the project with project cost, annual cash flow and state which is the most sensitive?

(8)

Q2b. In a capital rationing situation (investment limit is Rs 50 lakhs. Suggest the most desirable feasible combination on the basis of the following data (indicate justification) (Rs lakhs)

| Project | Initial out lay | NPV | |
|---------|-----------------|-----|--|
| A | 29 | 12 | |
| В | 21 | 9 | |
| C | 10 | 8 | |
| D | 20 | 6 | |

Project B and C are mutually exclusive.

(7)

- Q3) Delta Trading Ltd has 8% Debentures of Rs.80,00,000. The Earnings before Interest and Tax is Rs.32,00,000. The overall capitalization rate of the firm (WACC) is 10%. The company wishes to raise further Rs.16,00,000 through 8% Debentures. Calculate:
- a) The Present Market value and Present Equity Capitalisation rate based on Net Operating Income.
- b) The proposed Market Value of the Company and Proposed Equity Capitalisation rate based on Net Operating Income approach.
- e) Also verify Present and Proposed WACC under Net Operating Income Approach and give your conclusion. (15)

OR



Q 3 a Following are the details of Alpha Ltd and Beta Ltd

| | Alpha Ltd | Beta Ltd |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Internal Rate of Return | 15% | 5% |
| Cost of Equity Capital | 10% | 10% |
| Earnings per Share | Rs.9 | Rs.9 |

Calculate value of an Equity share of each of these companies as per Walter's Model when the Dividend Pay-out ratio is: i) 25% ii) 50% iii) 75%

Q3 b. Sun Ltd has a Rate of Return of 15% and its earning Per Share is Rs.80. Calculate the Market Price per Share using Gordon's Model in each of the following cases: (7)

| Sr. No. | Dividend Payout (%) | out (%) Cost of Capital (%) | |
|---------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | 60 | 14 | |
| 2 | 80 | 16 | |
| 3 | 75 | 15 | |

Q.4 In order to increase sales from the normal level of Rs. 2,40,000 p.a, the X Ltd. marketing manager submits a proposal for liberalizing credit policy as under:

Normal sales: Rs. 2,40,000

Normal Credit Period: 30 days

PV Ratio: 33.33%

The company expects pre – tax return on investment @ 20%. Suggest which credit policy should be adopted. Assume 360 days in a year. (15)

| Proposed Credit Policy | Expected increase in Average Collection Period (Days) | Expected increase over Normal Sales (Rs. in Lakh) |
|------------------------|---|--|
| T | 15 | 12,000 |
| II | 30 | 18,000 |
| III · | 45 | 21,000 |
| ıv . | 60 | 24,000 |

OR

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Q.4 a What is YTM of each Bond? Which Bond would you recommend for investment? (8)

| | Coupon Rate | Maturity | Price/Rs. 100 Par Value |
|--------|-------------|----------|-------------------------|
| Bond A | 12% | 10 Years | Rs. 70 |
| Bond B | 10% | 6 Years | Rs. 60 |

Q.4 b A bond of Rs. 100 face value carrying an annual interest rate of 12% is redeemable after 6 years at par if the required rate of return is 15% what is the present value of the Bond and should the investor buy the bond if the current market price of the bond is Rs. 90. (7)

Q5. a What are the principles of sound financial plan

(8)

b. Explain in brief Indifference analysis

(7)

OR

Q5 Write short notes on (any 3)

(15)

- a. MM approach of Capital structure
- b. Value maximisation
- c. Entry load and Exit load
- d. Cost of Receivables
- e. Financial Break even

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